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CEEn-2017CPST-007

LID Study for Bluffdale City

Wade Bozeman, Steven Evans, Ryan Selee



Introduction

BYU Capstone Project

Project for graduating Engineers to gain real world experience

 Assigned to work with Bluffdale creating a manual on LID



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Introduction

■ "By March 1, 2019, new development or redevelopment projects that disturb greater than or equal to one acre, including projects less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale must manage rainfall on-site, and prevent the off-site discharge of the precipitation from all rainfall events less than or equal to the 90th percentile rainfall event." (Utah DEQ)

■ In Bluffdale, the 90th percentile 24-hour event is approximately 0.67 inches.



Design, Analysis & Results

- Reviewed dozens of scholarly articles on LID
- Reviewed several state, county, and agency LID Manuals
- Reviewed dozens of University, EPA, and other agency studies on LID



Bioretention at Daybreak, Utah.



StormTech Infiltration System Installation



LID techniques fit into four main categories

- 1. Infiltration
- 2. Evapotranspiration
- 3. Treatment
- 4. Capture and Re-use



Bioretention rain garden located on the north side of North Salt Lake City building.

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Infiltration LID

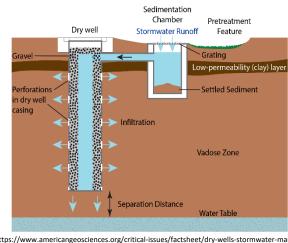
• StormTech

• R-Tanks

<u>Dry</u> Wells







https://www.arericangeosciences.org/critical-issues/factsheet/dry-wells-stormwater-management

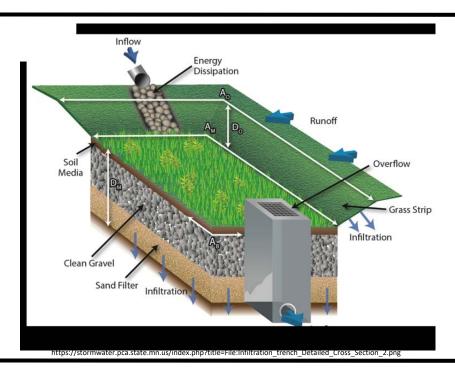
Infiltration LID are considered Class V UIC Storm Water Drainage Wells. Owners of all UIC Class V wells are required by federal and state regulation to submit inventory information, including a \$180 inventory review fee. (Utah Department of Environmental Quality, 2018).



Infiltration LID

• <u>Infiltration</u> <u>Trenches</u>

Permeable Pavement





It is important to maintain infiltration LID so that sediment does not accumulate in the system, preventing effective infiltration.



Evapotranspiration LID

• Bioretention

Rain Gardens

Wetlands







http://epicenter.okstate.edu/training-workshops/bioretention-rain-gardens

https://deq.utah.gov/legacy/permits/water-quality/utah-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system/low-impact-development.htm

http://urbanwater.melbourne.vic.gov.au/industry/treatment-types/constructed-wetlands/

Evapotranspiration LID are also effective for infiltration, and extremely effective at removing pollutants

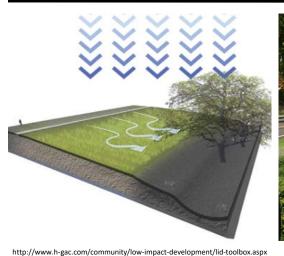
Treatment LID

Vegetative Filter Strips

Bioswales

Tree Filters

Hydrodynamic Separators









https://www.livingconceptslandscape.com/2015/09/bioswales/

https://www.flickr.com/photos/mocobio/8816807664/in/set-72157633663354666

http://www.conteches.com/Products/Stormwater-Management/Treatment/CDS.asp:

Treatment LID remove pollutants and aid in infiltration in some cases. Treatment LID are best used in conjunction with other LID features to treat water before it is infiltrated.



Capture and Re-use LID

Rain Barrels

• <u>Cisterns</u>

Pop-up Emitters







https://www.bobvila.com/articles/pop-up-drain-emitter/

According to Senate Bill 32 (2010), a person registered with the Division of Water Rights may collect and store no more than 2,500 gallons of rainwater. If unregistered, no more than two containers may be used, and the maximum storage capacity of any one container shall not be greater than 100 gallons.



Conclusions and Recommendations

 We have developed a manual detailing LID methods applicable in Bluffdale

■ The manual includes entries on 14 LID that can be implemented in Bluffdale

Bluffdale City Low-Impact Development Manual

Prepared by BYU Capstone team: Wade Bozeman, Steven Evans, and Ryan Selee

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Questions?

